****

**SOCIAL STUDIES**

**WORKSHEET -2**

**History - EARLY HUMANS 1 & 2**

**NAME: GRADE: VI**

**DATE: 14.7.20**

**I. Write true or false**

**1.** Humans became food-producers during the New Stone Age. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**2.**The quality of pottery improved after the wheel was invented. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**3.** The discovery of charred grains and sickles at a site indicates that people living there practised agriculture.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** Only stone tools were made during the Chalcolithic period.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**II. Choose the correct answer**

1. Singing and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must have been popular modes of entertainment.

 **a.** Miming **b.**Eating **c.**Dancing **d.**Aerobics

2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the earliest known farming and pastoral settlement in the Indian subcontinent.

 **a.**Burzahom **b.** Mismagi **c.**Agartala **d.**Mehrgarh

3.The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Baichbal valley in Deccan have many Stone Age sites.

 **a.**Burzahom **b.** Gufkral **c.**Hunsgi **d.**Chirand

**III. Fill in the blanks**

**1.** Early humans lived a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ life.

**2.** Animal bones and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were also used to make tools.

**3.** The New Stone Age lasted from 8000 BC till about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**4.** The stone tools found from the prehistoric sites of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are an important link with the past.

**IV. Match the following**

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| **S.No** | **Column A** | **Column B** |
| 1. | Microlithics | Period II.III |
| 2. | Flints | Stored grains |
| 3. | Hunsigi | Tools and weapons |
| 4. | Pottery | Deccan |
| 5. | Terracotta | Middle stone age |